

# Is Finding a Bathroom a Constant Worry?

Ask your doctor about your unpredictable abdominal pain and diarrhea.

If you experience abdominal pain and diarrhea on a regular basis, you may have irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea (IBS-D). Share your answers to the questions below with your healthcare provider for a more productive discussion about your symptoms.

 **Let's get started.**

**1. Do you experience abdominal pain?**  Yes  No

If you answered yes, is your abdominal pain associated with diarrhea?  Yes  No

**2. How many days per week do you experience abdominal pain and diarrhea?** \_\_\_\_\_

**3. How long have you been experiencing these symptoms?**

1 month  3 months  6 months  1 year or longer

**4. Have you experienced any of the following?** *(Check all that apply.)*

- Onset of abdominal pain and diarrhea after age 50
- Severe or progressively worsening symptoms
- Unintentional weight loss
- Diarrhea occurring over night
- Rectal bleeding
- Iron deficiency anemia
- Family history of colon cancer, celiac disease, or inflammatory bowel disease

**Ask your healthcare provider if you may have irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea (IBS-D).**

**There is relief.**

# XIFAXAN is the #1 prescribed medication approved for IBS-D\*

**Xifaxan**  
rifaximin 550 mg tablets

## What Causes IBS-D?

The exact cause of IBS-D is unknown, though various factors can play a role in creating symptoms. Your gut normally contains many types of bacteria that can help you digest the food you eat and keep you healthy.



Evidence suggests an imbalance in these bacteria has been associated with IBS-D symptoms.

## How Does XIFAXAN Work in IBS-D?

XIFAXAN works mainly in the gut to inhibit the growth of bacteria that may be linked to IBS-D symptoms.



XIFAXAN directly attacks bacteria in the gut that may be linked to IBS-D symptoms.

\*Based on aggregated total of all prescribers as of October 2019.

## INDICATION

XIFAXAN® (rifaximin) 550 mg tablets are indicated for the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea (IBS-D) in adults.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- XIFAXAN is not for everyone. Do not take XIFAXAN if you have a known hypersensitivity to rifaximin, any of the rifamycin antimicrobial agents, or any of the components in XIFAXAN.
- If you take antibiotics, like XIFAXAN, there is a chance you could experience diarrhea caused by an overgrowth of bacteria (*C. difficile*). This can cause symptoms ranging in severity from mild diarrhea to life-threatening colitis. Contact your healthcare provider if your diarrhea does not improve or worsens.
- Talk to your healthcare provider before taking XIFAXAN if you have severe hepatic (liver) impairment, as this may cause increased effects of the medicine.
- Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking drugs called P-glycoprotein and/or OATPs inhibitors (such as cyclosporine) because using these drugs with XIFAXAN may lead to an increase in the amount of XIFAXAN absorbed by your body.
- In clinical studies, the most common side effects of XIFAXAN in IBS-D were nausea (feeling sick to your stomach) and an increase in liver enzymes.

## Ask your healthcare provider:

Could my symptoms be IBS-D?

Is XIFAXAN right for me?

- XIFAXAN may affect warfarin activity when taken together. Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking warfarin because the dose of warfarin may need to be adjusted to maintain proper blood-thinning effect.
- If you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or nursing, talk to your healthcare provider before taking XIFAXAN because XIFAXAN may cause harm to an unborn baby or nursing infant.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA.

Visit [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch) or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

For product information, adverse event reports, and product complaint reports, please contact: Salix Product Information Call Center

Phone: 1-800-321-4576

Fax: 1-510-595-8183

Email: [salixmc@dlss.com](mailto:salixmc@dlss.com)

**Please see Important Safety Information throughout and click here to see accompanying full Prescribing Information.**